I.G.C.S.E. Percentages

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Work out

| a. | 20% of \$40 | b. | 6% of \$900 | c. | 71% of 180 g |
|----|----------------|----|----------------|----|---|
| d. | 5.5% of \$2.45 | e. | 3.3% of \$4.52 | f. | 4 ¹ / ₂ % of \$56 |

Click here to read the solution to this question

a. 20% of \$40
$$\Rightarrow \frac{20'}{100} \times \frac{40'}{1} = $8$$

b. 6% of \$900 $\Rightarrow \frac{6}{100} \times \frac{900'}{1} = 54
c. 71% of 180 $g \Rightarrow \frac{71}{100} \times \frac{180'}{1} = \frac{1278}{10} = 127.8 g$
d. 5.5% of \$2.45 $\Rightarrow \frac{5.5}{100} \times \frac{2.45}{1} = \frac{13.475}{100} = 0.13
e. 3.3% of \$4.52 $\Rightarrow \frac{3.3}{100} \times \frac{4.52}{1} = \frac{14.916}{100} = 0.15
f. $4\frac{1}{2}$ % of \$56 $\Rightarrow \frac{4.5}{100} \times \frac{56}{1} = \frac{252}{100} = 2.52
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Click here to read the question again

- **a.** Increase a price of \$80.45 by 12%.
- **b.** Reduce a price of \$9.99 by 22%.

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| | • | | |
|----|--|---------|--------|
| а. | Increase is $\frac{12}{2} \times \frac{80.45}{2} = \frac{965.4}{2} = \9.65 | 80.45 | 80.45 |
| | 100 1 100 | × 12 | + 9.65 |
| | The new price is \$80.45 + \$9.65 = <mark>\$90.10</mark> | 16090 | 90.10 |
| | | + 80450 | |
| | | 965.40 | |
| | | | |
| 22 | 22 9 99 219 78 | 9.99 | 9.99 |
| b. | b. Reduction is $\frac{22}{100} \times \frac{9.99}{1} = \frac{219.76}{100} = 2.20 | × 22 | - 2.20 |
| | | 1998 | 7.79 |
| | The new price is \$9.99 - \$2.20 = \$7.79 | + 19980 | |
| | | 219.78 | |
| | | • | |

Click here to read the question again

In a sale a shop reduces the prices of its computer by 25%. Find the sale price of a computer, which previous cost \$3200.

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| First find 25% of \$3200 | 32 | 3200 |
|---|-------|-------|
| 25 2200 | × 25 | - 800 |
| $\frac{25}{100} \times \frac{3200}{1} = $ \$800 | 160 | 2400 |
| 1,0,0 1 | + 640 | |
| The sale price is \$3200 - \$800 <i>=</i> <mark>\$2400</mark> | 800 | |
| | | |

Click here to read the question again

The population of a small town in the Andes increased by 28% between 1955 and 1995. If there were 3500 in 1955, what was the 1995 population?

Click here to read the solution to this question

The population of a small town in the Andes increased by 28% between 1955 and 1995. If there were 3500 in 1955, what was the 1995 population?

| First find 28% of 3500 | 0.5 | 0500 |
|--|-------|-------|
| | 35 | 3500 |
| 28 3500 _ 080 | × 28 | + 980 |
| $\frac{100}{100} \times \frac{1}{1} = 980$ | 280 | 4480 |
| | + 700 | |
| The population in 1995 is | 980 | |
| 3500 + 980 = <mark>4480</mark> | | |

Click here to read the question again

Find the total bill

2 pens at \$3.70 50 drawing pins at 10c for 10 5 pencils at 25c each 35 rulers at \$1.50c for 5 VAT at 17.5% is added to the total cost.

Click here to read the solution to this question

Writing the bill into a table.

| Item | Quantity | Price per unit | | Total |
|--------------|----------|----------------|--------|---------|
| Pens | 2 | \$3.70 | 2×3.70 | 7.40 |
| Drawing Pins | 50 | \$0.10 per 10 | 5×0.10 | 0.50 |
| Pencils | 5 | \$0.25 | 5×0.25 | 1.25 |
| Rulers | 35 | \$1.50 per 5 | 7×1.50 | 10.50 |
| Sub Total | | | | \$19.65 |
| VAT(17.5%) | | | | 3.44 |
| Total | | | | \$23.09 |

| | 19.65 | |
|--|----------|--|
| Note: 17.5% of \$19.65 $\Rightarrow \frac{17.5}{100} \times \frac{19.65}{1} = \frac{343.875}{100} = 3.44 | × 17.5 | |
| 100 1 100 | 9825 | |
| | 137550 | |
| | + 196500 | |
| | 343.875 | |
| | | |

Click here to read the question again

- **a.** Find the simple interest on \$1200 for 5 years at 3.5% per annum.
- **b.** How much will the money be worth after 10 years?

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a. Using the simple interest formula $I = \frac{P \times R \times T}{100}$ where *I* is interest, *P* is principal (money invested), *R* is rate per annum (per year) and *T* is time in years.

Interest after 5 years $I = \frac{1200 \times 3.5 \times 5}{100} = 210

b. After 10 years the money will be worth $1200 + 2 \times 210 = 1620$

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